## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

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## Warning Letter

**VIA FEDEX** 

WL: 320-01-07

JAN 1 1 2081

Dr. Mikael Blomqvist Strängnäs Plant Director Pharmacia Corporation Mariefredsvägen 37 S-645 41 Strängnäs, Sweden

Dear Dr. Blomqvist:

We have completed our review of the inspection of your Strängnäs active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) manufacturing operations, which includes Swedish sites in Strängnäs, Brunna, and Stockholm, by Investigator Thomas J. Arista and Chemist Robert D. Tollefsen during the period of June 13-22, 2000. The inspection revealed significant deviations from U.S. current good manufacturing practices (CGMP) in the manufacture of bulk Somatropin and Dalteparin Sodium used for parenteral products. The deviations were presented to you on an Inspectional Observations (FDA-483) form, at the close of the inspection. These CGMP deviations cause your API's to be adulterated within the meaning of section 501(a)(2)(B) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. Section 501(a)(2)(B) of the Act requires that drugs be manufactured, processed, packed, and held according to current good manufacturing practice (CGMP). No distinction is made between active pharmaceutical ingredients and finished pharmaceuticals, and failure of either to comply with CGMP constitutes a failure to comply with the requirements of the Act.

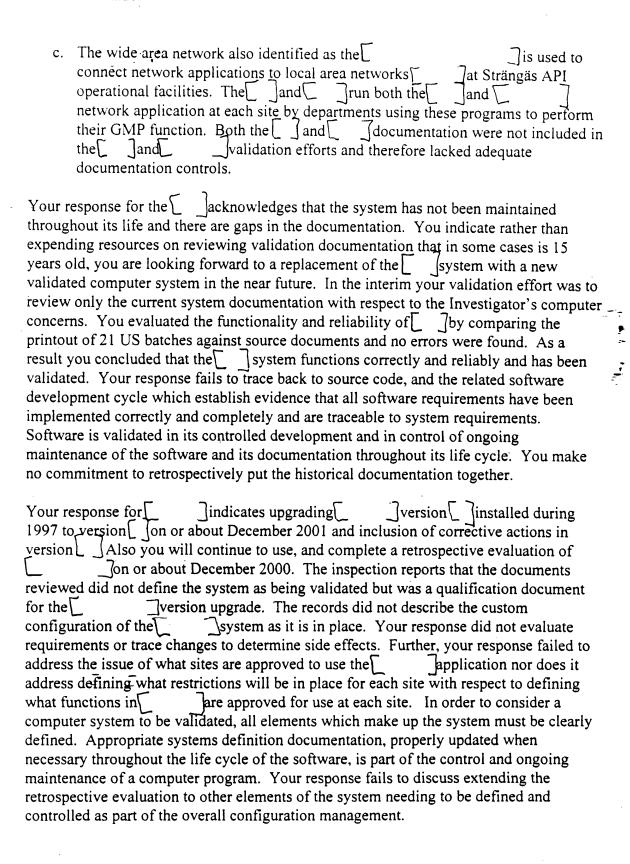
Specific areas of concern include, but are not limited to:

1.	The Strängäs API manufacturing operation uses both the
	System) and network computer software programs for
	materials and data management functions. The performs functions typical of a
	laboratory information management system. The quality control unit uses this
	program for disposition of materials, special studies, stability testing programs, and
	generation of summary test reports. Once material is dispositioned,
	communicates information to the network program used by warehouse and
	production personnel to control material in storage and production. Both the
	andnetwork programs work in concert acting as the sole source of

information which controls and maintains the status of raw materials and finished goods in the warehouse. Your operations use these programs in a similar manner to control in-process materials during manufacturing operations. These network program systems are deficient in that:

- a. The Inetwork program lacked adequate validation and/or documentation controls. For example:
  - The system design documentation has not been maintained or updated throughout the life of the software dating back to 1985 despite significant changes and modification that have taken place. These include program code, functional/structural design, diagrams, specifications, and text description of other programs that interface with
  - The program was not controlled by revision numbers to discriminate one revision from the other.
  - Inadequate standard operating procedures to ensure that records are included with validation documentation, maintained and updated when changes were made.
  - Significant deficiencies regarding documentation controls were reported. Documents were either not dated, lacked a documentation control number, were missing, were reported in pencil on uncontrolled pages, or dates were crossed out without initials, dates, or explanation.
  - There was no assurance that complete functional testing had been preformed in the system. For example you failed to assess all historical testing and compare it with current functionality to ensure that all current functionality has been adequately evaluated.
- b. The network program lacked adequate validation and/or documentation controls. For example:
  - The program uses a purchased custom configurable materials management software package. The software validation documentation failed to adequately define, update and control significant elements customized to configure the system for the specific needs of the operations. The following had not been maintained or updated from original release/design specification dating back to approximately 1985:
    - Revision control system.
    - Validation records did not address the order of libraries which effect function.
    - Structural and functional diagrams and design descriptions.
    - Complete diagrams with text description identifying other network programs which interface with
  - Deficiencies regarding documentation controls such as maintenance of records, lack of review and approval of change control and other similar records.
  - Inadequate standard operating procedures to ensure that records are included with validation documentation, maintained and updated when changes are

made.



and rendered not be perfored system of druthe	Id be difficult to retrospectively validate a computer system if there were changes visions that were not documented and the cumulative affects of many revisions had en assessed. Lack of sufficient system documentation would make it impossible to m meaningful retrospective validation. FDA concludes that the and sand and lack adequate validation and therefore are unacceptable for use in the production g products. Please indicate whether you can perform a retrospective validation of and systems or rely in the interim on manual operations, which use a documentation until the new validated computer systems are functional.
op	ne Strängnäs local API production computer systems used in manufacturing erations, environmental control alarms and deviation tracking system lacked equate validation and/or documentation controls. For example:
a.	<ul> <li>The</li></ul>
b.	Thecomputer control system used to control the manufacturing process equipment during theat the Stockholm facility for Strangnas API operations, lacked the following:  • Appropriate documentation procedures for handling historical application files.  • Handling records generated with inaccurate time frames dating back ten years due to Y2K compliance related issues.
c	The

- d. The Computer system that is accessed by personnel from various departments to include manufacturing, testing laboratory and Quality Assurance lacked the following:
  - Audit trail function of the database, to ensure against possible deletion and lost of records.
  - Absence of documentation defining the database, operating system, location of files, and security access to database.
- e. The \_\_\_\_\_\_alarm system that communicates, records, and controls alarms such as air balance and temperatures for production, warehouse and testing areas lacked the following:
- Documentation regarding functionality design and layout diagrams were found obsolete.
  - Validation documentation did not address signal lines between detection devices and computer.
  - Various documentation control deficiencies were reported such as review, approval, and maintenance of records.
- 3. Inadequate oversight by the Quality Control Unit (QCU) to ensure that controls which impact API quality are implemented for manufacturing operations. For example:
  - a. The QCU failed to ensure that adequate procedures were put into place to define and control computerized production operations, failure investigations, equipment qualifications, and laboratory operations.
  - b. The inspection reported numerous deficiencies regarding the lack of procedures, failure to follow procedures, and inadequate laboratory controls for documentation, storage and handling of samples pertaining to the stability and environmental monitoring programs.
- 4. Non-penicillin APIs with a reasonable possibility of penicillin contamination were not tested for the presence of penicillin prior to release for distribution. You have failed to demonstrate the absence of penicillin residues in your facility generated from the adjacent penicillin bulk powder manufacturing plant, and also the cafeteria that is shared by both facility employees. For example:
  - a. There was no routine monitoring program for traces of penicillin from the adjacent facility or the cafeteria used by both manufacturing facilities.
  - b. Your May 1994 evaluation of this situation was inadequate in that it failed to include test results of samples obtained from:
    - Your employees that were using the common cafeteria.
    - Various contact surfaces of your manufacturing facility such as doors handles, walls, floors, and work surfaces.

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•	Surface areas from	١	floor master air intake	units	located	on the	adjacent	side
	of the penicillin ma	nu	facturing facility.				J	

c.	Air handling systems. There were individual floor master air duct units which
	supply air to various production and office areas that either lacked schematics, or
	the schematics represented inaccurate information such as incorrect exhaust air
	filters. Furthermore, there was no verification and written procedures to ensure
	correct usage by contract personnel of filters required in the air
	filtration system which supplies air to various production areas.

Your response indicates an October/November 1998 and March/April 2000 monitoring period to evaluate the concentration of penicillin in outdoor air. The March/April 2000 monitoring found higher than expected levels of penicillin This information was not provided to the inspectors, and continues to lack test results from samples obtained from employees returning from the common-use canteen and surface samples from your facility. We also note that you are currently testing your non-penicillin product lots and monitoring the facility environment for traces of penicillin. However, your response does not discuss the adequacy of your sampling criteria, the test methodology requirements and future monitoring program. We wish to meet with you to discuss these issues.

Regarding the air handling system's schematics. The inspection noticed air units that draw air from the direction of the adjacent penicillin API manufacturer. There could be a concern for alarm in that these units provide air that may have some airborne contaminates which could include penicillin. Schematics which are either missing or incorrect would hamper adequate investigation of cross contamination and development of an adequate monitoring program.

- 5. Inadequate maintenance of equipment and utilities. For example:
  - a. There was no procedures or documentation of the water system checks for conductivity, temperature and leaks.
  - b. There was no documentary evidence showing a secondary review by firm officials of contractor's work to ensure that the orbital welds of the water system met specifications.
  - c. Procedures were not followed for handling miscellaneous manufacturing equipment, and used materials. Numerous stainless steel spare parts, a transfer hose, and a used pre-filter lacked records documenting their cleaning/usage status.
  - d. A pipe and two hoses, connected to distillation units, were in or on the waste line floor drains and lacked air breaks to prevent back-siphonage of water back to the distillation units.

Our review also included your company's response letters to the FDA-483 observations dated July 20, 2000, September 4 and 29, 2000, October 17, 2000, November 17 and 30,

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The CGMP deviations identified above or on the FDA-483 issued to your firm are not to be considered an all-inclusive list of the deficiencies at your facility. FDA inspections are audits, which are not intended to determine all deviations from CGMPs that exist at a firm. If you wish to continue to ship your products to the United States, it is the responsibility of your firm to assure compliance with all U.S. standards for Current Good Manufacturing Practices.

Please respond to this letter within 30 days of receipt. Your response should include copies of procedures generated as well as data collected in your correction to the deficiencies cited. Please identify your response with CFN 9610470. Until FDA can confirm compliance with CGMP's and correction to the most recent inspection deficiencies, this office will recommend disapproval of any new applications listing your firm as the manufacturere of active pharmaceutical ingredients.

Please contact Edwin Melendez, Compliance Officer, at the address and telephone numbers shown above, if you have any questions, written response or concerns regarding these decisions.

To schedule a reinspection of your facility after corrections have been completed, and your firm is in compliance with CGMP requirements, send your request to: Director, International and Technical Operations Branch, HFC-134, Division of Field Investigations, 5600 Fisher's Lane, Rockville, MD, 20857. You can also contact that office by telephone at (301) 443-1855 or by fax at (301) 443-6919.

Sincerely,

Jøseph C. Famulare

Division of Manufacturing and Product Quality

CC: Gary Harbour, Ph.D

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